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| APPLICATION NO. | | FILING DATE | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO. | |
|-----------------|---------|-------------|----------------------|-------------------------|------------------|--|
| 09/905,630 | | 07/13/2001 | Vadim Antonov | 005642.P001 | 3706 | |
| 56188 | 7590 | 12/15/2005 | | EXAMINER | | |
| GREENBE | | AURIG, LLP | DAS, CHAMELI | | | |
| FIFTH FLO | | AVENUE | ART UNIT | PAPER NUMBER | | |
| EAST PAL | O ALTO, | CA 94303 | | 2192 | | |
| | | | | DATE MAILED: 12/15/2009 | ς. | |

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

| | | Applica | ation No. | Applicant(s) | | | | | | |
|--|--|---|---|--|-------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Office Action Summary | | | ,630 | ANTONOV ET AL | | | | | | |
| | | | ıer | Art Unit | | | | | | |
| | | CHAME | LI C. DAS | 2192 | | | | | | |
| - Period fo | - The MAILING DATE of this commun r Reply | ication appears on | the cover sheet with | the correspondence ac | ddress | | | | | |
| WHIC - Extense after S - If NO - Failure Any re | DRTENED STATUTORY PERIOD F HEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE M sions of time may be available under the provisions SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this come period for reply is specified above, the maximum st e to reply within the set or extended period for reply sply received by the Office later than three months a d patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). | IAILING DATE OF of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no nunication. atutory period will apply and will, by statute, cause the | THIS COMMUNICA event, however, may a rep d will expire SIX (6) MONTI application to become ABA | ATION. Ily be timely filed HS from the mailing date of this of NDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). | , | | | | | |
| Status | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1)[| Responsive to communication(s) file | ed on <i>09 November</i> | · 2005. | | | | | | | |
| • | · | 2b)⊠ This action is | | | | | | | | |
| | <i>,</i> — | | | | | | | | | |
| | closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. | | | | | | | | | |
| Dispositio | on of Claims | | | | | | | | | |
| 4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-4,6-9,11-18,20-29 and 31-43</u> is/are pending in the application. | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. | | | | | | | | | |
| 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. | | | | | | | | | | |
| 6)⊠ | 6) Claim(s) 1-4,6-9,11-18,20-29 and 31-43 is/are rejected. | | | | | | | | | |
| 7) | Claim(s) is/are objected to. | | | | | | | | | |
| 8)□ | Claim(s) are subject to restric | ction and/or election | n requirement. | | | | | | | |
| Application | on Papers | | | | | | | | | |
| 9)[] 1 | The specification is objected to by th | e Examiner. | | | | | | | | |
| 10)🛛 🛚 | 10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>18 April 2005</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objected to by the Examiner. | | | | | | | | | |
| | Applicant may not request that any obje | ction to the drawing(s | s) be held in abeyanc | e. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). | | | | | | |
| | Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). | | | | | | | | | |
| 11)[1 | The oath or declaration is objected to | by the Examiner. | Note the attached | Office Action or form P | TO-152. | | | | | |
| Priority u | nder 35 U.S.C. § 119 | | | | | | | | | |
| - | Acknowledgment is made of a claim ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of: | for foreign priority | under 35 U.S.C. § 1 | 119(a)-(d) or (f). | | | | | | |
| | Certified copies of the priority | documents have b | een received. | | | | | | | |
| | 2. Certified copies of the priority | | · | • | | | | | | |
| ; | 3. Copies of the certified copies | , , | | eceived in this National | Stage | | | | | |
| * 0 | application from the Internation | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | • | | | | | | | |
| * S | ee the attached detailed Office actio | n for a list of the ce | enified copies not re | eceived. | | | | | | |
| Attachment | (s) | | | | | | | | | |
| | of References Cited (PTO-892) | TO 040) | 4) Interview Sur | | | | | | | |
| 3) 🔯 Inform | of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (Pation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or No(s)/Mail Date 8/30/02. | | | Mail Date ormal Patent Application (PT) | O-152) | | | | | |

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1. This action is in response to the RCE filed on 11/9/05.

- 2. Claims 1, 16, 26, and 32 have been amended.
- 3. Claims 5, 10, 19, and 30 have been canceled.
- 4. Claim 43 has been added.
- 5. Claims 1-4, 6-9, 11-18, 20-29, and 31-43 have been rejected.

Double Patenting

6. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

7. Claims 1-4, 6-9, 11-18, 20-29, and 31-43 are provisionally rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-20 of the Application No. US 09/909,588. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because both applications comprise a method for secure communication between two host system

using an object library, the object library being between a transport layer of network communication and input and output channels, the object library to create stateful objects from objects of application processes for communication between hosts.

This is a <u>provisional</u> obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 101

8. 35 U.S.C. 101 reads as follows:

Whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvement thereof, may obtain a patent therefor, subject to the conditions and requirements of this title.

Claims 1, 16, 26, and 32 are rejected under 35U.S.C. 101 because the claimed invention is directed to non-statutory subject matter.

Claims 1, 16, 26, and 32 are rejected under 35U.S.C. 101 because the claimed invention is directed to non-statutory subject matter. The language of the claims raise a question as to whether the claim is directed merely to an abstract idea that is not tied to a technological environment or machine which would result is a practical application producing a concrete, useful and tangible result to form the basis of statutory subject matter under 35 U.S.C. 101. These claims require the addition of tangible hardware elements to provide tangible results.

The Examiner has suggested one way to overcome this rejection below:

"A Computer implemented method executing on a computer".

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

9. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(a) the invention was known or used by others in this country, or patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country, before the invention thereof by the applicant for a patent.

Claims 1-4, 6-8, 11-18, and 20-25 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(a) as being anticipated by Mattaway et al, (Mattaway), US 6,226,678.

As per claim 1, Mattaway discloses:

providing a connection between a first process and a second process (Matttaway, abstract, col 4, lines 38-40 and Fig 1), where two processing unit connecting via the Internet and the database, which is the dynamic link object library (col 6 lines 62-68, col 7 lines 1-3)

the first process having a first object type structure, the second process having a second object type structure (col 17 lines 1-20), where API utilizes TCP to transfer data of different types clearly indicates different process having different type structures

dynamically determining whether the first object type structure matches the second object type structure through comparing names and behavior version numbers of the first object type structure and the second type object structure using an object library (Mattaway, col 17, lines 1-20, col 20, lies 43-56), Mattaway discloses that

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the system establishes a real-time communication (see Abstract) using dynamic link library, where Webphone is a dynamic link object library (col 15, lines 46-54)

the object library to create stateful objects from objects of application processes for communication between hosts (col 15 lines 6-15, col 15 lines 60-65)

the object library being between a transport layer of network communication (col 15, lines 39-53) and input and output channels (col 4 lines 22-37)

utilizing a flow control provided by a unit for the connection (Matttaway, col 15, lines 50-60, col6, lines 31-40).

As per claim 2, Mattaway discloses:

- first process provides a push of information to or a pull of information from the second process (column 9, lines 41-57).

As per claims 3, 17, Mattaway discloses:

- first process is a client process (Matttaway, Abstract, col 3, lines 15-20).

As per claims 4, 18, Mattaway discloses:

- second process is a server process (Matttaway, Abstract, col 3, lines 15-20).

As per claim 6, Mattaway discloses:

- wherein unit is a transport layer (Matttaway, col 6, lines 31-40).

As per claim 7, Mattaway discloses:

- transport layer supports a plurality of point-to-point ... process (Matttaway, Abstract, col 6, lines 55-65).

As per claim 8, Mattaway discloses:

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- the flow control occurs at a flow origin (Matttaway, col 15, lines 30-42, col 9, lines 41-52).

For claim 11, (Mattaway, abstract).

For claim 12, (Mattaway, abstract, col 11, lines 10-14).

For claim 13, (Mattaway, col 11, lines 10-35).

For claim 14, (Mattaway, abstract, col 11, lines 10-35).

For claim 15, (Mattaway, abstract, col 11, lines 10-14).

As per claim 16, Mattaway discloses a secure connection between the first process and the second process (Abstract, col 17 lines 32-50, col 26, lines 27-30), for the rest of the limitations, see the rejection of claim 1 above.

For claim 20, (Mattaway, abstract, col 3, lines 3-24).

For claim 21, (Mattaway, col 21, lines 50-65).

For claim 22, (Mattaway, col 21, lines 50-65, col 3, lines 3-24).

For claim 23, (column 9, lines 41-57, col 27, lines 58-67, col 28, lines 1-27).

For claim 24, (Abstract, col 3 lines 1-25).

For claim 25, (column 9, lines 41-57, col 27, lines 58-67, col 28, lines 1-27).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 10. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made

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to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 9, 26-29, and 31-43 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Mattaway, US 6,226,678 and further in view of Nakamura, US 6,463,036.

As per claim 9, Mattaway discloses the flow control backs up information at the flow origin (Mattaway, col 12, lines 20-32). Mattaway does not specifically disclose providing a buffer at the flow origin to prevent overflow of information to the recipient of the flow. However, Nakamura discloses providing a buffer at the flow origin (Nakamura, col 3, lines 19-30) to prevent overflow of information to the recipient of the flow (col 3, lines 35-40).

The modification would be obvious because one of the ordinary skill in the art would be Motivated to perform congestion control in a communication network system.

As per claim 26, Mattaway discloses:

providing a connection between a first process and a second process (Matttaway, abstract, col 4, lines 38-40)

dynamically matching the first process and the second process (Matttaway, abstract, col 15, lines 10-15)

using a library to dynamically match the first process and the second process (Matttaway, col 15, lines 10-11, col 15, lines 50-54).

Mattaway does not specifically disclose asynchronous connection. However,

Nakamura discloses the asynchronous connection (Nakamura, abstract). The

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modification would be obvious because one of the ordinary skill in the art would be motivated to provide reliable, efficient and high-speed communication system to connect the processes.

For the rest of the limitations see the rejection of claim 1 above.

As per claim 27, Mattaway discloses:

 first process provides a push of information to or a pull of information from the second process (column 9, lines 41-57).

For claims 28-29, see the rejections of claims 3 and 4.

For claim 31 (Mattaway, col 25, lines 20-40, col 27, lines 60-65).

As per claim 32, Mattaway discloses:

- providing a connection between a first process and a second process (Matttaway, abstract, col 4, lines 38-40)
 - providing a secure connection between the first process and the second
 process using an object library (Matttaway, Abstract, col 26, lines 27-30, col
 6 lines 62-68, col 7 lines 1-2).

Mattaway does not specifically disclose asynchronous connection. However, Nakamura discloses the asynchronous connection (Nakamura, abstract). The modification would be obvious because one of the ordinary skill in the art would be motivated to provide reliable, efficient and high-speed communication system to connect the processes.

For claims 33-35, see the rejections of claims 27-29 respectively.

For claim 36, see the rejections of claim 31.

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For claims 37- 42, see the rejections of claims 20-25 respectively.

As per claim 43, Mattaway discloses at least one of the first process and the second process creates a stateful object (60-65) using the object library (col 15 lines 5-15) the communication between the first and second processes (col 15 lines 40-52).

Mattaway does not specifically disclose asynchronous connection. However, Nakamura discloses the asynchronous connection (Nakamura, abstract). The modification would be obvious because one of the ordinary skill in the art would be motivated to provide reliable, efficient and high-speed communication system to connect the processes.

Response to the Arguments

- 11. Applicant's argument filed on 11/9/05 has been fully considered but they are not persuasive. In remarks, the applicant argued in substances:
- (1) As per claims 1, 16 and 26 Mattaway does not disclose: "comparing names and version numbers by using object library, the object library being between a transport layer of network communication and input and output channels, the object library to create stateful objects from object of application processes for communication between hosts".

Response:

- (1) Mattaway discloses the above limitation. See the rejection of claim 1 above.
- (2) Neither Mattaway nor Nakamura disclose "creates a stateful object using the object library for asynchronous communication between the first process and the second process.

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Response:

(2) Mattaway discloses at least one of the first process and the second process creates a stateful object (60-65) using the object library (col 15 lines 5-15) the communication between the first and second processes (col 15 lines 40-52).

Mattaway does not specifically disclose asynchronous connection. However, Nakamura discloses the asynchronous connection (Nakamura, abstract). The modification would be obvious because one of the ordinary skill in the art would be motivated to provide reliable, efficient and high-speed communication system to connect the processes.

(3) Mattaway and Nakamura do not show a method to use an object library for secure and asynchronous connection between two processes .

Response:

(3) Mattaway discloses the secure connection by using Webphone database (dynamic link object library) in col 17 lines 15-60.

Mattaway does not specifically disclose asynchronous connection. However, Nakamura discloses the asynchronous connection (Nakamura, abstract). The modification would be obvious because one of the ordinary skill in the art would be motivated to provide reliable, efficient and high-speed communication system to connect the processes.

12. The prior art made or record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

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TITLE: Data management system and process, US 5878408 A

TITLE: System and method for distributed computation based upon the movement, execution, and interaction of processes in a network, US 6016393 A

TITLE: Data management system having shared libraries, US 5826265 A

TITLE: Apparatus for presenting the content of an interactive on-line network, US

5,933,599.

13. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Chameli Das whose telephone number is 571-272-3696.

The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday from 7:00 A.M. to 3:30 P.M.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor Tuan Dam can be reached at 571-272-3695. The fax number for this group is (571) 273-8300.

An inquiry of general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the group receptionist whose telephone number is 571-272-2100.

CHAMELI C. DAS
PRIMARY EXAMINER

11/28/05